

Legend	2
Download & Install	2
UI	2
Lists	2
Menus	3
Input Fields	3
Texboxes	4
Checkboxes/Multi-select boxes	4
Saving	4
Screen Lock	4
Network Profiles	5
Home Screen	6
Grid Page	6
List Page	7
Map Page	8
Zooming	8
Panning	8
GPS Tracking	8
Titlebar	8
Context Menu	8
First Time Setup (!)	9
Discover Contacts	9
Sharing Your Identity	10
Sharing Nodes With Others	10
Discover Nearby Devices	10
Conversations	11
Automatic Telemetry [\$]	13
Full Telemetry	13
Group Channels	13
Channel Setup	13
Group Chats	14
Channel Message Scope	15
Clipboard Features	18
Rooms	18
Repeater Admin - [\$]	19
Sensor Admin - [\$]	20
Custom Paths	22
Map Tiles	23
GPS Tracks	23

Legend

[**\$**] = A Paid Feature (requires unlock code)

Download & Install

To install (also called *flashing*) just go to the MeshCore webflasher:

<https://flasher.meshcore.io/lilygo-t-deck-pro/>

And connect your device via USB cable.

NOTE: there are *two* variants of the firmware:

- -SD - stores all config/data on SD card
- Internal - stores all config/data in internal flash storage

The -SD variant is recommended, however you *must* have a properly formatted micro-SD card (max 32Gb, FAT32 formatted)

UI

The UI v10.+ for the T-Deck Pro/Max combines touch screen and keyboard input. Most UI elements like lists or menus can use either input method.

Lists

A lot of screens involve vertically arranged lists like the Discover screen:



You tap directly on the item to select. If necessary you can scroll the list one *page* at a time using up or down **swipe gestures**. The *arrow* icons at the right-hand side indicate if more content is further down. You can tap on these to scroll by a page.

Menus

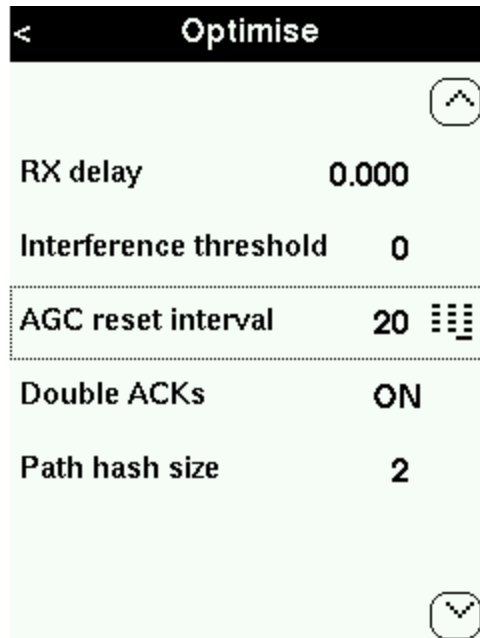
Tapping on the hamburger icon on the top-right, drops down the context menu items for that screen:



Just tap directly on the item to select. To close/cancel the context menu, just tap on the left-side of the screen.

Input Fields

Many screens have a number of input fields, vertically arranged:



You can tap on the small *arrow* icons at the right-hand side to move current field selection up/down

Textboxes

Text or number textboxes will show a keyboard icon at the right side, which you can tap for on-screen keyboard. You can also just type using the T-Deck keyboard.

Checkboxes/Multi-select boxes

These can be ON/OFF values, or anything where selecting one of a list of items. When the field is selected, to toggle through the possible values just press **space** bar, or tap on the value.

Saving

To save changes, or submit information on these screens, it usually involves pressing the **ENTER** key. If you tap on the < (back) icon on titlebar, this usually cancels/discards the changes, and navigates back to previous screen.

Screen Lock

The lock screen appears after inactivity. You can also press the top button on right-side of device to lock the screen. The lock screen shows:



The two counters are: unread DM messages, and group channel unread messages.

When a new message arrives a popup preview is shown at the bottom of the screen.

Press the top button on right-side of device again to unlock the screen.

Caution: the button below the screen lock/unlock button is the device **reset** button, which will reboot the device!

Network Profiles

The Ripple firmware supports multiple profiles, so you can switch to different networks, where each one is *sandboxed*, ie. has separate user identity (key-pair), contacts, preferences, etc.



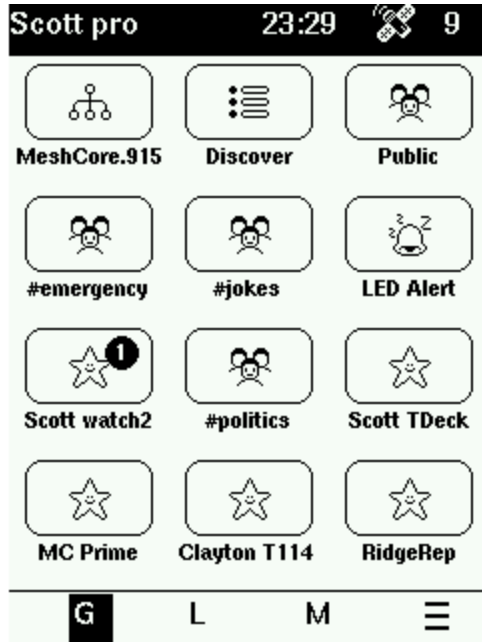
The start-up wizard will walk you through setting up the primary network profile, by asking to select a radio preset from a list (or you can select **custom** and provide custom radio params).

Once you have set up the primary profile, you can modify the radio params, or set up new profiles by opening the Home screen's context menu, then select the **Networks** menu.

Home Screen

The home screen has three different pages: Grid, List and Map. You can switch between these either by tapping on the letters along the bottom strip of the screen, or by pressing the **space bar** to toggle to next.

Grid Page



The grid is completely customisable, with shortcuts to contacts, group channels or settings you commonly use. Initially it will be blank, but with some help text. There are 3x4 cells, where you long-tap on an empty cell to create a shortcut, or long-tap on a used cell to remove a shortcut.

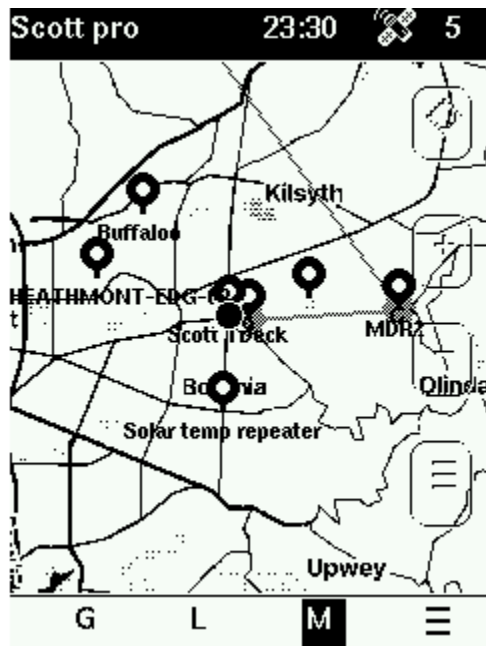
List Page



This shows all your contacts, group channels, and Discover arranged in a tree, for each network profile you have.

If you **swipe left** or **right**, you can go through different *filters*, where the current filter is displayed at the bottom, eg. [All].

Map Page



Zooming

- Tap the on-screen '+' or '-' buttons, or
- Press 'S' or 'W' on keyboard

Panning

- Use swipe gestures on touch screen

GPS Tracking

To have the map move automatically with your location, tap on the top on-screen button. This will be rendered in orange when tracking is on. Tap on the button again to turn tracking off. When tracking is on, the screen will stay on.

Titlebar

The titlebar shows current profile user name, clock, and toggles between battery and GPS satellite count. There are two shortcuts:

- Tap on the left side - opens the 'Switch To' dialog.
- Tap on the right side - opens the GPS information screen.

Context Menu

Tap on the *hamburger* icon at the bottom-right of the screen, to open the context menu. Note, this has **system/device** menus only. I.e. settings that are typically *global* and not tied to the current Network Profile!

First Time Setup (!)

The first time you setup your device, you should do the following:

- Set the device **Timezone**. Open context menu from home screen, then select Timezone. Set the *minutes* offset from UTC.
- Set **Display** preferences. Open context menu, then select Display. Here you can set font size, animations, UI light/dark/auto theme, and even a custom accent colour.
- In rare cases, some times the device **GPS Config** needs to be set. The default is usually fine, but some devices may have a different GPS installed, which need a custom baud rate setting. (if you open the GPS Info screen, check that the **Sentences** counter is increasing. If so, then the GPS data is being received OK)

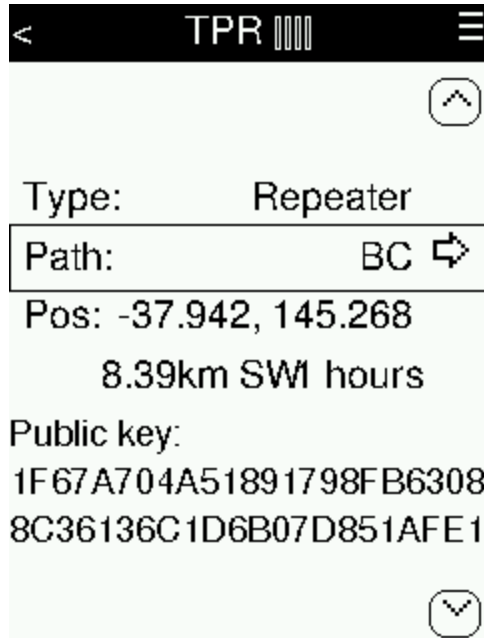
For first time a Network Profile is created, you need to do the following:

- Set your **Identity**. Open the profile menu (is typically named 'MeshCore' in the List Page), then select Identity. Change the name from 'NONAME' to some display name (others will see this). Then press ENTER key to save.
- Select the **Permissions** menu, if you want to change the default telemetry permission. (ie. if your contacts are allowed to pull telemetry from your device)

Discover Contacts

A contact can be any of the node types: Chat device, Repeater, Room Server, or Sensor. These are all added to your device via an *advert* packet (transmitted over the radio). These are passively collected and shown in the **Discover** screen. (from Home List page, select Discover item)

To add a discovered node to your home screen (ie. favourites), select it from the list to show the node details screen:



Then select the **Add to Contacts** menu item. If this node is already in your contacts, the menu will instead be **Remove from Contacts**.

Once the contact is added, you can then create a **shortcut** to it in the Home **Grid** page.

Sharing Your Identity

If you want to send your device details via an *advert* packet, just go into the **Discover** screen, then select the **Send ID Local** menu item. This sends a zero-hop advert of your device to devices around you.

If you want to broadcast your device to the *whole mesh*, select the **Send ID Broadcast** menu item.

Sharing Nodes With Others

If you have a node in the Discover list (not necessarily added to favourites/home), you can share that with a nearby device by selecting the node, then in the node details screen select the **Share...** menu. This will just re-transmit its advert packet verbatim, but just zero-hop (ie. just to nearby devices)

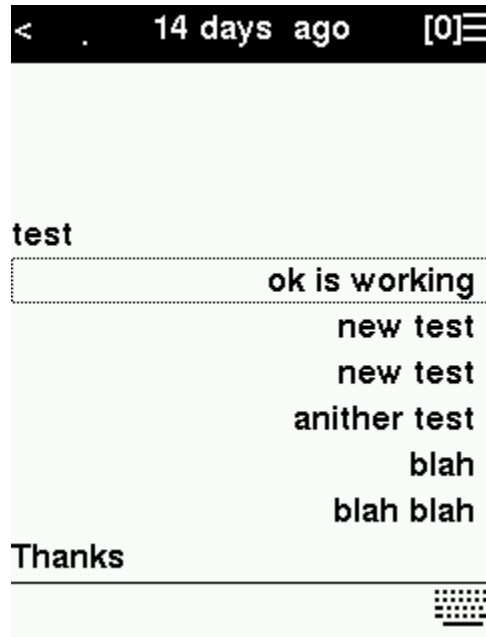
Discover Nearby Devices

If you select the **Discover > Scan Local...** menu, a zero-hop request is sent to nearby devices. This is typically for repeater discovery, but can potentially be other node types. If other nodes

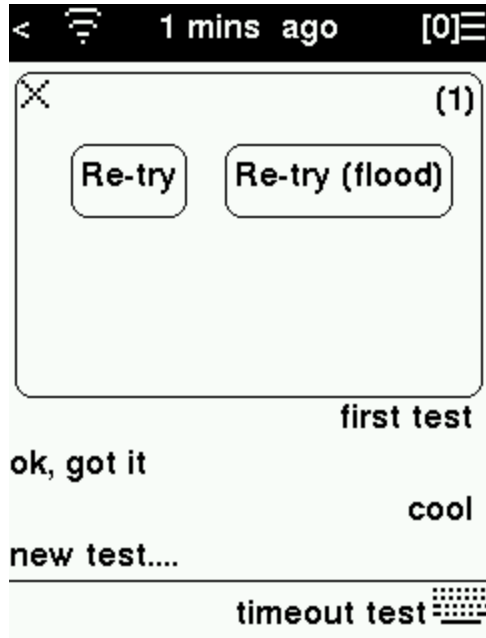
are within reach, and are configured to respond (some don't), then you will see items appear in the list. (will also show the SNR of response)

Conversations

For each chat contact there is a conversation screen, which keeps your message history:



The dotted rectangle shows current selection. The bottom area is a textbox for input. Just type to compose your messages, and press **ENTER to send**. While waiting for the acknowledgment from the other device, you will see the **Sending** dialog. If this times out, you can re-try with another *direct path* attempt, or you can revert to *flood mode* attempt (in case the path has changed):



NOTE: at present only 4 attempts are allowed.

TIP: tapping on the input textbox when it is already selected will show a list of **Canned Messages** to select from.

For long incoming messages, just tap directly on the message, and the message will be automatically scrolled horizontally.

Tap on the selected message a **second time** to show the Message Details screen:



Here you can get more info, like the timestamp (in titlebar), and also the *path* the message took to get to your device (can be *n/a* if unknown). There are also extra menu items like **Show on Map** if the message contains a GPS lat,lon, or **Add Region...** if a special “[region: ...]” encoding is present in the message.

Automatic Telemetry [S]

When you navigate into the conversation screen and you have a *direct path* to that node, a telemetry request is automatically sent, and if a response is received, the *WiFi* icon is shown on the top-left of the titlebar, so you can quickly see if they are online and reachable.



Also, if they have allowed GPS telemetry permission, their location is recorded and you will see a direction/distance estimation (from your location) rendered in titlebar. You can also select the **Show on Map** context menu item.

Full Telemetry

If you select the **Get Telemetry...** menu item, a request is sent, and if a response is received, the *full* telemetry details are shown as a text message.

Group Channels

You can configure up to 6 group channels, from the network profile menu. The **Public** one is auto-enabled for you (on slot #1), and is configured with a widely known Pre-Shared Key. So, even though all group channel messages are symmetrically encrypted, consider all Public channel activity to be *insecure*. There is also no way (at present) to authenticate *senders* in the group channels, so beware. It is just an easy way to interact with others out there.

You can, however, setup your own custom group channels, with a key that only you and your friends know. This is much more secure, but note that there is still no *sender* authentication.

Channel Setup

From the network profile menu, select one of the Channel menus, then select **Enable** from the context menu:

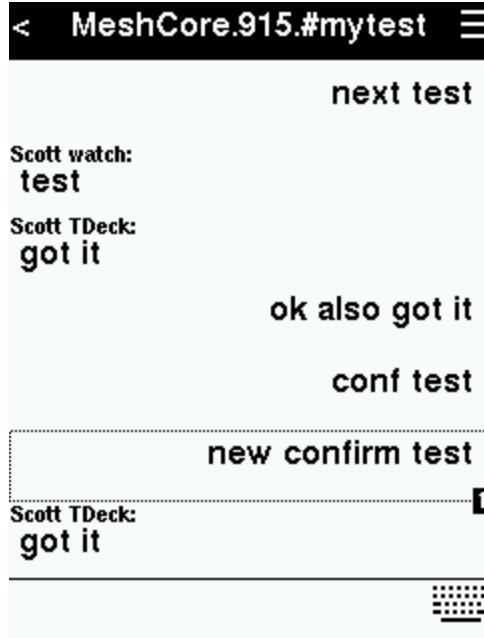


Just give it a name, then enter a key (either in Hex or Base64). If you want a new, random key created for you, just select from the context menu **New 128-bit key**. You then share this key with others in your group.

If you start the channel name with a '#' character, the channel key is generated automatically. These are *hashtag channels*, and are an easy way to setup alternatives to the **public** channel, where they have some specific *topic*. These are still *public* channels, and thus insecure, as they will be using a well-known key.

Group Chats

From the home screen, you should then see your private channel listed (under Discover). Just select to go into the group chat screen. One difference with group messages is there are **no ACKs** sent by recipients, and there is *no guarantee that anyone will receive your message!* There is a *confirmations* feature, though, to help indicate if your message did, indeed, get *out there*. If a repeater forwards your message, and your device hears this re-transmission, then a counter will be displayed in a coloured box:



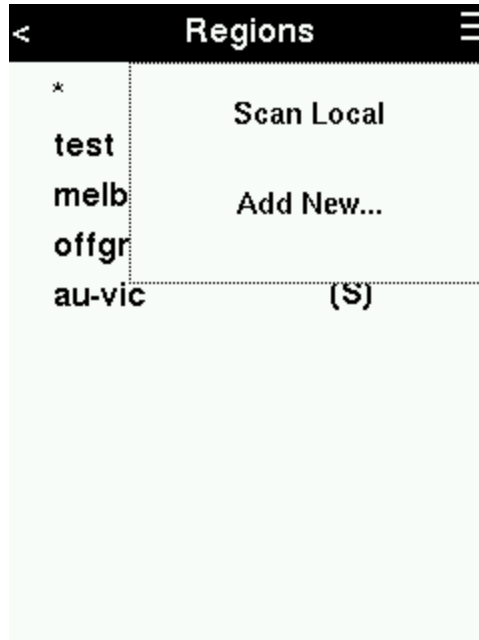
The counter is the number of re-transmissions heard.

If you select your message (with the confirmations counter) and navigate to the message details screen, the list will show a "Heard By" list (instead of Path, for incoming messages). ie. it shows a list of repeaters which re-transmitted your message.

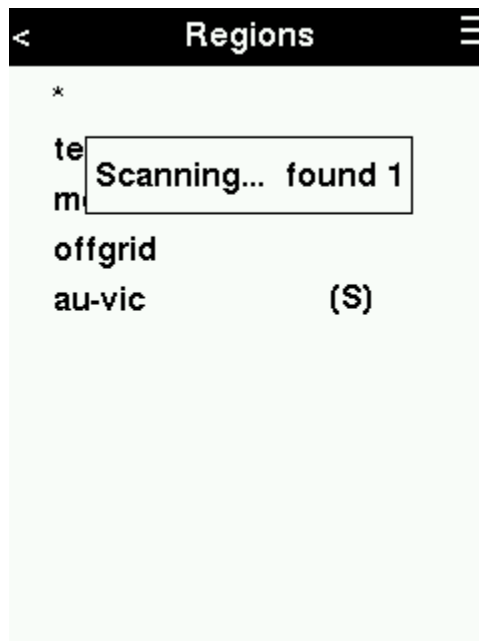
Channel Message Scope

You can now set a region *Scope* on various group chat channels, to limit how far messages you send will flood to.

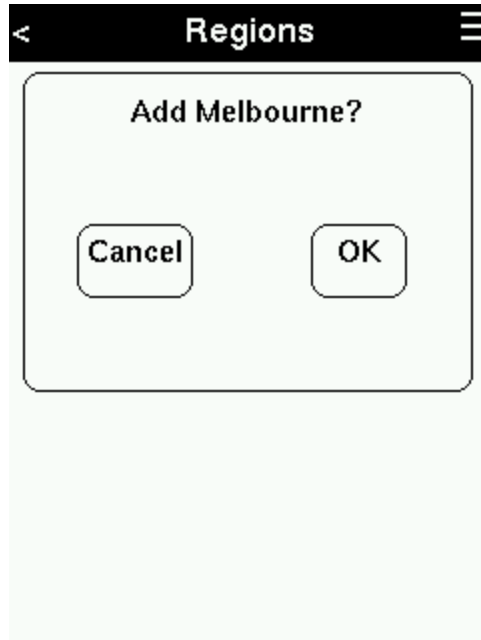
What you will need to do first is define the region names into a new **Regions** screen (from the network profile menu):



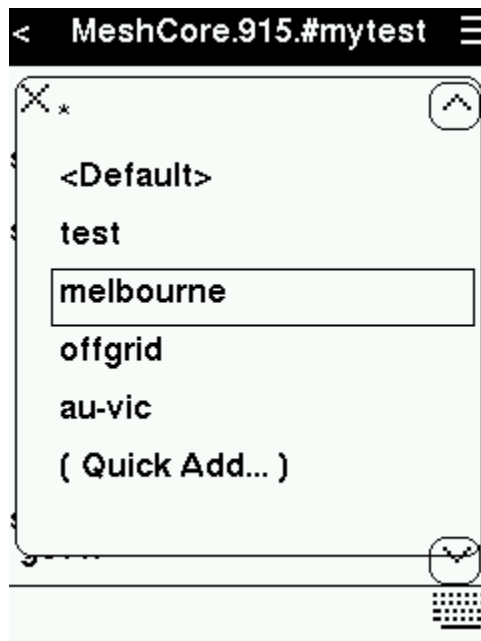
You can do this manually with the **Add New** menu, but a cool new feature of the repeater v1.12.0 firmware is support for new request types, and one is to auto-discover regions in your area! To use this, you select the **Scan Local** menu:



This uses the new Discover request, and any repeaters within reach respond with a list of regions which they are configured to allow. These are then collated, and if any are *not* in your device's list, then you are prompted if you wish to add:



Once you have regions defined, when you go into any of the group channel chat screens, you can use the new **Set Scope** menu, to select which region you want to limit *messages you send*. (you can still *receive* messages from anywhere in the mesh)



NOTE: tap on the scope to select, then tap on it a 2nd time to submit. Or press ENTER after selecting.

The scope preference is saved per group channel, and you can change it at any time.

Clipboard Features

There are now some clipboard operations that are possible. You can copy text to the clipboard from: map tab, identity screen, channel details (key), or message details. You can then paste text from clipboard to: conversation textbox, or channel details (key).

Just do a long-tap on the text to copy to clipboard (or long-tap on map location, to copy coordinates).

In the conversation screens, you can paste clipboard text to the textbox with just long-tap.

Rooms

There is a node type called a *Room Server*, which is a very simple bulletin board system, where you can post messages and others can read them at a later time. Is a very useful store-and-forward system, for leaving messages for others who may be offline. When you select a Room from home screen, you will initially be prompted to enter either the *admin* or *guest* password:



The screenshot shows a mobile application interface. At the top, there is a dark header bar with a back arrow, a period, the text "RidgeRep", and a menu icon with the number "1". Below the header is a password input field with a dotted border. The field contains the text "Password" on the left, "*****" in the middle, and a small icon of a keyboard on the right. Below the password field is a rounded rectangular button with the text "Connect".

The same out-path rules apply, as with other contacts. So, if you are in a new location, you may need to select the **Path** menu, then select **Reset Path**. After tapping Connect (or press ENTER), and login is successful, the screen then changes to the usual conversation UI. (see above)

TIP: you can long-press the Connect button to do a combined Reset Path + login.

The room server will then typically be attempting to push unsynced messages to your device. This is quite a slow process, so be patient.

Posting a message is simply a matter of typing and pressing ENTER, like with a contact. If the room server successfully receives and queues the message, it sends an ACK like a client would, and your post will scroll up into the conversation list.

NOTE: at present the room server only holds the last 32 posts, so your device will only receive up to the last 32 missed messages.

[\$]: if you are the admin of the room server, and you entered the *admin* password here, you will also be able to enter a second, reserved, area via the **Admin CLI** menu item. The CLI screen is then entered, where you can instead type [CLI commands](#), like 'ver' or 'set ...', etc. The command messages are slightly different in that the server does *not* send ACKs, instead sending a reply message. If no reply comes back, then you just have to re-try sending the command. It's a fairly basic, but powerful feature for doing remote admin on your node.

Repeater Admin - **[\$]**

You can login to your repeaters remotely. They also support *guest* and *admin* passwords, where guests can only get telemetry or request the current stats via the **Get Stats** menu item. The CLI commands are (mostly) the same as for room servers. See the [CLI Reference Document](#) here.

Similar to client contacts, when you navigate into repeater screen (or room server, actually) the same automatic telemetry request is sent. This is really handy and convenient way to quickly check if the repeater is healthy/online, and to get the current battery voltage, which is then displayed in the titlebar.

Some CLI commands are now intercepted and a binary request/response is used instead, with the result converted to a nice human-readable format. These include: `setperm`, `neighbors`, `get`, `get acl`

The canned message selection is customised for the command-line UI. When the textbox is blank, and you open the canned message list, you get to select from common CLI commands:



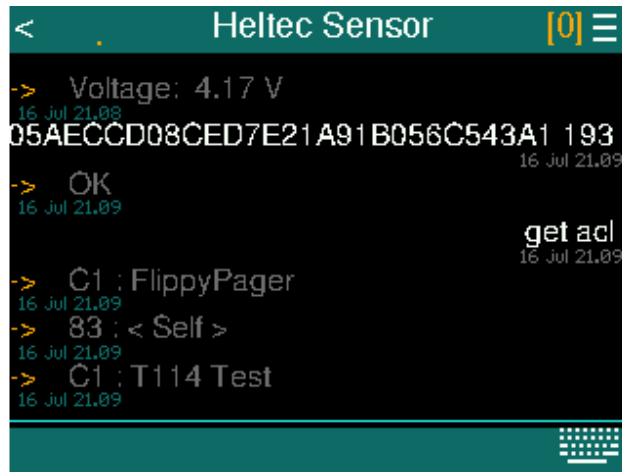
If the textbox has, say, 'get' and you open canned messages again, you then get options listed that are parameters to the 'get' command:



Sensor Admin - [\$]

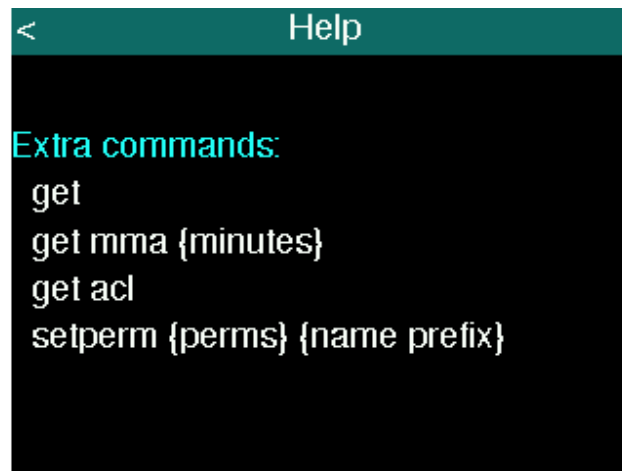
Sensor nodes have a firmware similar to repeater and room server, but specialised for using various sensor hardware attached (like temperature sensor, for instance). Sensor nodes are not intended to be *public*, however, and instead use a persisted *ACL* (Access Control List). Initially,

this list is empty and the admin must perform a Login using the pre-configured admin password (like with a repeater). After selecting the sensor and navigating into the sensor screen, you initially need to select the **Admin Sign Up** menu, and enter admin password. If successful you are then shown a command-line interface:



```
< Heltec Sensor [0] ☰
> Voltage: 4.17 V
16 Jul 21.09
05AECCD08CED7E21A91B056C543A1 193
16 Jul 21.09
> OK
16 Jul 21.09
get acl
16 Jul 21.09
> C1 : FlippyPager
16 Jul 21.09
> 83 : < Self >
16 Jul 21.09
> C1 : T114 Test
16 Jul 21.09
```

Sensor nodes support the common [CLI Commands](#), but also have extra, sensor-specific commands, which you can get quick info on with the **Help** menu:



```
< Help
Extra commands:
get
get mma {minutes}
get acl
setperm {perms} {name prefix}
```

The `get` command, simply sends telemetry request. (the response is parsed, and sensor values displayed as a text reply).

The `get mma` command is for min-max-average queries, for the last x minutes.

The `get acl` command is for showing who currently has access to this node. The list returned will have `{permission-bits} : {name}`

The `setperm` command is for adding/updating/removing an entry from the ACL. {perms} is either the numeric permission bits, or for convenience can be letters: **a** (for Admin), **w** (for Write), **l** (want Low pri alerts), **h** (want High pri alerts)

Permission-bits are:

- lower 2 bits: role (1: read_only, 2: write, 3: admin)
- middle 4 bits: unused
- Bit 6: wants Low pri alerts
- Bit 7: wants High pri alerts

To remove a node from ACL, use `setperm 0 {name prefix}`

When a sensor node detects some alert condition, it will send alert messages to *all* devices in its ACL which have the needed Alert permission (Lo or Hi). Low priority alerts will only make 1 send attempt per node, but High priority alerts will wait for an ACK from each node, and re-try. Alerts are also rendered in a special orange so they stand out.

Custom Paths

Each of the conversation/detail screens (for clients, repeaters, rooms, or sensors) should have a **Path...** menu. Here you can modify the current *out-path* for this node:



In the *custom path* textbox you can enter a comma-separated path hash list for completely custom path to use (you need to know the hex-encoded path hashes). To save having to re-type you can scroll down to the **Save** button and assign a name for this path, eg. 'Via roof'. Once saved, you can then re-use them at later times, or for other contacts.

The other quick actions you can do are:

- Flood (reset) - this resets the out-path, forcing next sends to be done flood-mode
- Direct (zero hop) - sets the out-path to direct, ie. expects node to be in immediate area

Other items in the list will be the various *named paths* which you have saved, starting with a ">". Select these to re-use a named path.

Map Tiles

You need to obtain raster map tiles, and place them on properly formatted micro SD card (should be FAT32 formatted, max 32Gb). Most problems people have with maps are usually related to the SD card not being compatible, or properly formatted.

The tile sets can be downloaded in a variety of ways, but it is not exactly straight forward. The most popular are the Open Street Maps (OSM) tiles. There is a Python downloader here:

<https://github.com/fistulareffigy/MTD-Script>

The map tiles *must* be saved in a popular folder scheme. From the root directory there should be a folder named **tiles**, and inside this folder should be the various zoom folders, and other folders/files with this scheme:

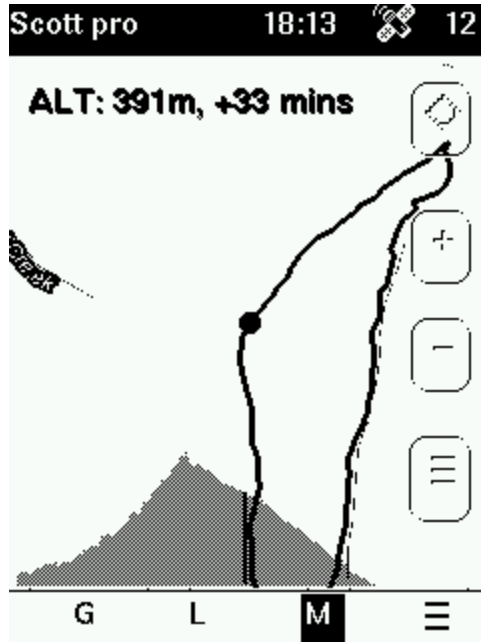
/tiles/{zoom}/{x}/{y}.png

[**\$**]: only map zoom levels 1..9 are rendered on locked devices. The more detailed zoom levels are rendered when unlocked.

You need to source black and white map tiles. Refer to [this article](#) for help. The T-Deck Pro will first look for map tiles in the **/tiles-bw** folder of the SD card, and if that doesn't exist then it falls back to looking in the **/tiles** folder.

GPS Tracks

You can now record and play back GPS tracks, which get rendered on the map page. The graph at the bottom shows the record elevation over time (from left-to-right). You can select any point by tapping on the elevation graph (ie the timeline) and the point is highlighted on the track and also on the elevation graph. Some point details are also displayed at the top.



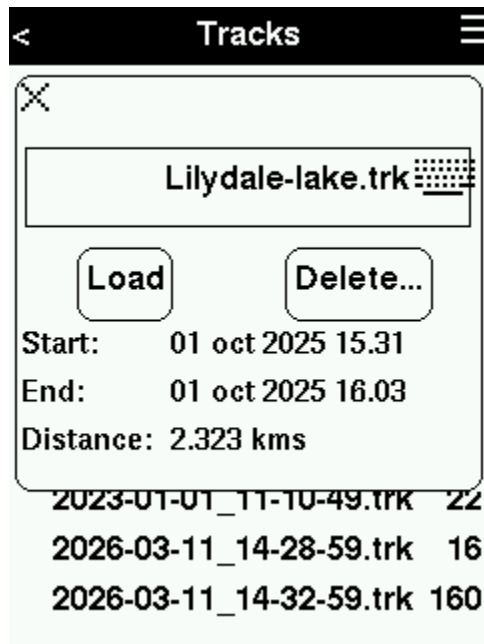
Select the menu button on the bottom-right (or press the T key on T-Pager), then select **Tracks** from popup. You will then see the Tracks screen, which lists all the saved tracks:

Tracks	
- Nor	Record New
2025-	
2025-08-27_13-13-59.trk	60
2025-08-27_16-23-56.trk	182
2025-09-16_16-28-02.trk	137
Lilydale-lake.trk	154
Lilydale-lake2.trk	194
2026-01-17_17-16-08.trk	198
2023-01-01_11-10-49.trk	22
2026-03-11_14-28-59.trk	16
2026-03-11_14-32-59.trk	160

To record a new track just select the menu above. The map page will then be shown, with the blue dot flashing to indicate a track recording is in progress. As you move around, the GPS lat/lon/altitude data is recorded, along with timestamps. You can safely navigate to other screens, and the track recording will be done in the background.

NOTE: the tracks will capture a GPS lat/lon/alt when you have moved at least **15 meters** and at least **10 seconds** has elapsed since last capture. This is hard-coded for now, but may be configurable in the future.

To stop the recording, just tap the menu button in the bottom-right of map, then select **Stop Track** from the popup. If you navigate into the **Tracks** screen again, you should see the new track file listed. The filename will just be the date/time of the recording. If you scroll down and select the file, you should see the track details screen:



You can rename the file by typing into the textbox at the top, then pressing ENTER.

To view the track, just tap the **Load** button. And **Delete** button to delete the track.

If you want to remove the loaded track from being displayed on the map tab, just navigate back into the Tracks screen, and select the top - **None** - item.

[[\\$](#)]: locked devices will only record up to 64 GPS points, so you can see how it works. But, for much larger tracks you will need to unlock.

Currently, you need to be using the '-SD' variant of the firmware (the one which stores all config on the SD card) if you want to share or import/export tracks. If you remove the SD card, and access using your computer, just go to the **/ripple/trk** folder of the card, and the files are there.

A contributor has written an [online converter](#), so you can convert the .trk files to KML.